

O.R.S. § 161.295

West's Oregon Revised Statutes Annotated Currentness  
Title 16. Crimes and Punishments  
Chapter 161. General Provisions (Refs & Annos)  
Responsibility (Refs & Annos)

→161.295. Mental disease or defect

(1) A person is guilty except for insanity if, as a result of mental disease or defect at the time of engaging in criminal conduct, the person lacks substantial capacity either to appreciate the criminality of the conduct or to conform the conduct to the requirements of law.

(2) As used in chapter 743, Oregon Laws 1971, the terms "mental disease or defect" do not include an abnormality manifested only by repeated criminal or otherwise antisocial conduct, nor do they include any abnormality constituting solely a personality disorder.

CREDIT(S)

Laws 1971, c. 743, § 36; Laws 1983, c. 800, § 1.

O. R. S. § 161.295, OR ST § 161.295

The statutes are current through laws enacted during the 2008 Special Session of the 74th Oregon Legislative Assembly and effective through January 1, 2009. Revisions to Acts made by the Oregon Reviser were unavailable at time of publication.

© 2008 Thomson Reuters/West

END OF DOCUMENT

O.R.S. § 161.300

West's Oregon Revised Statutes Annotated Currentness  
Title 16. Crimes and Punishments  
Chapter 161. General Provisions (Refs & Annos)  
Responsibility (Refs & Annos)

→161.300. Admissibility of evidence of mental disease or defect

Evidence that the actor suffered from a mental disease or defect is admissible whenever it is relevant to the issue of whether the actor did or did not have the intent which is an element of the crime.

CREDIT(S)

Laws 1971, c. 743, § 37.

O. R. S. § 161.300, OR ST § 161.300

The statutes are current through laws enacted during the 2008 Special Session of the 74th Oregon Legislative Assembly and effective through January 1, 2009. Revisions to Acts made by the Oregon Reviser were unavailable at time of publication.

© 2008 Thomson Reuters/West

END OF DOCUMENT

## O.R.S. § 161.325

**C**West's Oregon Revised Statutes Annotated Currentness

## Title 16. Crimes and Punishments

Chapter 161. General Provisions (Refs & Annos)Responsibility (Refs & Annos)**→161.325. Entry of judgment of guilty except for insanity**

(1) After entry of judgment of guilty except for insanity, the court shall, on the basis of the evidence given at the trial or at a separate hearing, if requested by either party, make an order as provided in ORS 161.327 or 161.329, whichever is appropriate.

(2) If the court makes an order as provided in ORS 161.327, it shall also:

(a) Determine on the record the offense of which the person otherwise would have been convicted;

(b) State on the record the mental disease or defect on which the defendant relied for the guilty except for insanity defense; and

(c) Make specific findings on whether there is a victim of the crime for which the defendant has been found guilty except for insanity and, if so, whether the victim wishes to be notified, under ORS 161.326 (2), of any Psychiatric Security Review Board hearings concerning the defendant and of any conditional release, discharge or escape of the defendant.

(3) The court shall include any such findings in its order.

(4) Except under circumstances described in ORS 137.076 (4), whenever a defendant charged with any offense listed in ORS 137.076 (1) has been found guilty of that offense except for insanity, the court shall, in any order entered under ORS 161.327 or 161.329, direct the defendant to submit to the obtaining of a blood or buccal sample in the manner provided in ORS 137.076.

## CREDIT(S)

Laws 1971, c. 743, § 44; Laws 1977, c. 380, § 5; Laws 1979, c. 885, § 1; Laws 1981, c. 711, § 1; Laws 1983, c. 800, § 5; Laws 1991, c. 669, § 8; Laws 1999, c. 97, § 2; Laws 2005, c. 337, § 1.

## HISTORICAL AND STATUTORY NOTES

2003 Main Volume

O.R.S. § 161.325

The 1999 amendment substituted in subsec. (4) "obtaining of a blood or buccal sample" for "drawing of a blood sample".

2008 Electronic Update

2005 Legislation

Laws 2005, c. 337, § 1, amended this section by adding new Subsec. (1)(b) and redesignating former Subsec. (1)(b) as new Subsec. (1)(c).

O. R. S. § 161.325, OR ST § 161.325

The statutes are current through laws enacted during the 2008 Special Session of the 74th Oregon Legislative Assembly and effective through January 1, 2009. Revisions to Acts made by the Oregon Reviser were unavailable at time of publication.

© 2008 Thomson Reuters/West

END OF DOCUMENT

O.R.S. § 161.327

**C**West's Oregon Revised Statutes Annotated Currentness

## Title 16. Crimes and Punishments

## ▣ Chapter 161. General Provisions (Refs &amp; Annos)

## ▣ Responsibility (Refs &amp; Annos)

**→161.327. Jurisdiction given to Psychiatric Security Review Board**

(1) (a) Following the entry of a judgment pursuant to ORS 161.319 and the dispositional determination under ORS 161.325, if the court finds that the person would have been guilty of a felony, or of a misdemeanor during a criminal episode in the course of which the person caused physical injury or risk of physical injury to another, the court shall order that a psychiatric or psychological evaluation be performed and a report of the evaluation be provided to the court if an evaluation was not performed or a report was not provided to the court prior to trial. Upon receipt of the evaluation, the court shall order that the person be placed under the jurisdiction of the Psychiatric Security Review Board for care and treatment if the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person is affected by mental disease or defect and presents a substantial danger to others requiring commitment to:

(A) A state hospital designated by the Department of Human Services if the person is at least 18 years of age; or

(B) A secure intensive community inpatient facility designated by the Department of Human Services if the person is under 18 years of age.

(b) The period of jurisdiction of the board is equal to the maximum sentence provided by statute for the crime for which the person was found guilty except for insanity.

(c) When a court orders a psychiatric or psychological evaluation of a financially eligible person under this subsection, the court shall order the public defense services executive director to pay a reasonable fee for the evaluation from funds available for the purpose.

(2) The court shall determine whether the person should be committed to a state hospital, or to a secure intensive community inpatient facility, designated by the Department of Human Services or conditionally released pending any hearing before the board as follows:

(a) If the court finds that the person presents a substantial danger to others and is not a proper subject for conditional release, the court shall order the person committed to a state hospital designated by the Department of Human Services if the person is at least 18 years of age, or to a secure intensive community inpatient facility designated by the Department of Human Services if the person is under 18 years of age, for custody, care and treatment pending hearing before the

O.R.S. § 161.327

board in accordance with ORS 161.341 to 161.351.

(b) If the court finds that the person presents a substantial danger to others but that the person can be adequately controlled with supervision and treatment if conditionally released and that necessary supervision and treatment are available, the court may order the person conditionally released, subject to those supervisory orders of the court as are in the best interests of justice, the protection of society and the welfare of the person. The court shall designate a person or state, county or local agency to supervise the person upon release, subject to those conditions as the court directs in the order for conditional release. Prior to the designation, the court shall notify the person or agency to whom conditional release is contemplated and provide the person or agency an opportunity to be heard before the court. After receiving an order entered under this paragraph, the person or agency designated shall assume supervision of the person pursuant to the direction of the Psychiatric Security Review Board. The person or agency designated as supervisor shall be required to report in writing no less than once per month to the board concerning the supervised person's compliance with the conditions of release.

(3) For purposes of this section, a person affected by a mental disease or defect in a state of remission is considered to have a mental disease or defect requiring supervision when the disease may, with reasonable medical probability, occasionally become active and, when active, render the person a danger to others.

(4) In determining whether a person should be conditionally released, the court may order evaluations, examinations and compliance as provided in ORS 161.336 (4) and 161.346 (2).

(5) In determining whether a person should be committed to a state hospital or to a secure intensive community inpatient facility or conditionally released, the court shall have as its primary concern the protection of society.

(6) Upon placing a person on conditional release, the court shall notify the board in writing of the court's conditional release order, the supervisor appointed, and all other conditions of release, and the person shall be on conditional release pending hearing before the board in accordance with ORS 161.336 to 161.351. Upon compliance with this subsection and subsections (1) and (2) of this section, the court's jurisdiction over the person is terminated and the board assumes jurisdiction over the person.

(7) An order of the court under this section is a final order appealable by the person found guilty except for insanity in accordance with ORS 19.205 (5). Notwithstanding ORS 19.255, notice of an appeal under this section shall be served and filed within 90 days after the order appealed from is entered in the register. The person shall be entitled on appeal to suitable counsel possessing skills and experience commensurate with the nature and complexity of the case. If the person is financially eligible, suitable counsel shall be appointed in the manner provided in ORS 138.500 (1), and the compensation for counsel and costs and expenses of the person necessary to the appeal shall be determined and paid as provided in ORS 138.500.

## O.R.S. § 161.327

(8) Upon placing a person under the jurisdiction of the board, the court shall notify the person of the right to appeal and the right to a hearing before the board in accordance with ORS 161.336 (7) and 161.341 (4).

## CREDIT(S)

Laws 1979, c. 867, § 5; Laws 1979, c. 885, § 2; Laws 1981, c. 711, § 2; Laws 1981, Sp. Sess., c. 3, § 129; Laws 1983, c. 800, § 6; Laws 1989, c. 790, § 48; Laws 1995, c. 208, § 1; Laws 2001, c. 962, § 89. Laws 2003, c. 576, §§ 578, 579; Laws 2005, c. 685, § 1, eff. Aug. 2, 2005; Laws 2005, c. 685, §§ 1, 1a.

## HISTORICAL AND STATUTORY NOTES

## 2003 Main Volume

The 2001 amendment, operative October 1, 2003, substituted in subsec. (7) for "indigent suitable counsel shall be appointed in the manner provided in ORS 138.500 (1), and the compensation for counsel and costs and expenses of the person necessary to the appeal shall be determined, allowed" the words "financially eligible suitable counsel shall be appointed in the manner provided in ORS 138.500 (1), and the compensation for counsel and costs and expenses of the person necessary to the appeal shall be determined".

## 2008 Electronic Update

## 2003 Legislation

Laws 2003, c. 576, § 579, amended this section by substituting "(5)" for "(4)" following "ORS 19.205" in Subsec. (7).

## 2005 Legislation

Laws 2005, c. 685, § 1, amended this section by inserting "or to a secure intensive community inpatient facility" after "state hospital"; and rewriting Subsecs. (1), (2) and (2)(a), which prior thereto read:

"(1) Following the entry of a judgment pursuant to ORS 161.319 and the dispositional determination under ORS 161.325, if the court finds that the person would have been guilty of a felony, or of a misdemeanor during a criminal episode in the course of which the person caused physical injury or risk of physical injury to another, and if the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person is affected by mental disease or defect and presents a substantial danger to others requiring commitment to a state mental hospital designated by the Department of Human Services or conditional release, the court shall order the person placed under the jurisdiction of the Psychiatric Security Review Board for care and treatment. The period of jurisdiction of the board shall be equal to the maximum sentence provided by statute for the crime for which the person was found guilty except for insanity.

"(2) The court shall determine whether the person should be committed to a state hospital designated by the Department of Human Services or conditionally released

O.R.S. § 161.327

pending any hearing before the board as follows:

"(a) If the court finds that the person presents a substantial danger to others and is not a proper subject for conditional release, the court shall order the person committed to a state hospital designated by the Department of Human Services for custody, care and treatment pending hearing before the board in accordance with ORS 161.341 to 161.351."

Laws 2005, c. 685, § 1a, amended this section by rewriting Subsec. (1), which prior thereto read:

"(1)(a) Following the entry of a judgment pursuant to ORS 161.319 and the dispositional determination under ORS 161.325, the court shall order the person placed under the jurisdiction of the Psychiatric Security Review Board for care and treatment if the court:

"(A) Finds that the person would have been guilty of a felony or guilty of a misdemeanor during a criminal episode in the course of which the person caused physical injury or risk of physical injury to another; and

"(B) Finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person is affected by a mental disease or defect and presents a substantial danger to others requiring conditional release or commitment to:

"(i) A state hospital designated by the Department of Human Services if the person is at least 18 years of age; or

"(ii) A secure intensive community inpatient facility designated by the Department of Human Services if the person is under 18 years of age.

"(b) The period of jurisdiction of the board is equal to the maximum sentence provided by statute for the crime for which the person was found guilty except for insanity."

O. R. S. § 161.327, OR ST § 161.327

The statutes are current through laws enacted during the 2008 Special Session of the 74th Oregon Legislative Assembly and effective through January 1, 2009. Revisions to Acts made by the Oregon Reviser were unavailable at time of publication.

© 2008 Thomson Reuters/West

END OF DOCUMENT



O.R.S. § 161.329

West's Oregon Revised Statutes Annotated Currentness  
Title 16. Crimes and Punishments  
Chapter 161. General Provisions (Refs & Annos)  
Responsibility (Refs & Annos)

→161.329. Discharge from custody

Following the entry of a judgment pursuant to ORS 161.319 and the dispositional determination under ORS 161.325, if the court finds that the person is no longer affected by mental disease or defect, or, if so affected, no longer presents a substantial danger to others and is not in need of care, supervision or treatment, the court shall order the person discharged from custody.

CREDIT(S)

Laws 1971, c. 743, § 45; Laws 1977, c. 380, § 6; Laws 1981, c. 711, § 4.

O. R. S. § 161.329, OR ST § 161.329

The statutes are current through laws enacted during the 2008 Special Session of the 74th Oregon Legislative Assembly and effective through January 1, 2009. Revisions to Acts made by the Oregon Reviser were unavailable at time of publication.

© 2008 Thomson Reuters/West

END OF DOCUMENT